TYPES OF HEAT ILLNESS

Supervisors and employees are responsible for understanding the signs and symptoms of heat illness and proper first aid procedures. All signs and symptoms of heat illness must be reported to a supervisor immediately.

	Symptoms	First Aid / Treatment
Heat rash	 Clusters of red bumps on skin (usually on neck, upper arms, folds of skin) 	 Keep affected area dry Apply powder if necessary to absorb moisture and avoid using creams Try to work in a cooler, less humid environment when possible
Heat cramps	 Painful muscle spasms (usually in abdomen, legs, arms) 	 Rest in cool, shady area Drink water or other cool beverages Wait a few hours before returning to strenuous activity Seek medical attention if cramps worsen or do not go away
Heat syncope	 Dizziness Fainting (short duration) Light-headedness during prolonged standing or sudden standing from a sitting or lying position 	 Rest in a cool, shady area Drink water or other cool beverages Wait a few hours before returning to strenuous activity
Heat exhaustion	 Headache Dizziness Cool, moist skin Heavy sweating Nausea or vomiting Light-headedness Weakness Rapid heart beat 	 Rest in cool, shady area Drink water or other cool beverages Use methods of cooling to reduce body temperature such as fans, cold compresses, and wetting clothes Take to clinic or emergency room for medical evaluation or treatment if symptoms do not improve within 60-minutes Do not return to work that day
Heat stroke	 Confusion Disorientation Staggering Irrational behavior Fainting Slurred speech Very high body temperature Red, hot, dry skin Seizures Rapid heart beat 	 This is a medical emergency. Contact emergency medical services by dialing 9-1-1 or campus police at 858-534-HELP (4357) If possible, move the worker to a shady, cool area Use methods of cooling to reduce body temperature such as fans, cold compresses, and wetting clothes Stay with the worker while waiting for emergency medical services